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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
                             MIAMI DIVISION
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                      CASE NO. 16-CV-21199-CMA/JJO
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      ANDREA ROSSI, et al.,
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                      Plaintiffs,
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           VS.
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                                           Miami, Florida
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                                           January 5, 2017
                                           Pages 1-39
      THOMAS DARDEN, et al.,
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                      Defendants.
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                       TRANSCRIPT OF DISCOVERY HEARING
                   BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOHN J. O'SULLIVAN
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                        UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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      FOR THE PLAINTIFFS:
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## FOR THIRD PART DEFENDANT FULVIO FABIANI 1 AND UNITED STATES QUANTUM LEAP, LLC: 2 RODOLFO NUNEZ, ESQ. BY: 255 University Drive 3 Coral Gables, Florida 33134 4 TRANSCRIBED BY: DAWN M. SAVINO, RPR Official Court Stenographer 5 400 N. Miami Avenue, 10S03 Miami, Florida 33128 6 Telephone: 305-523-5598 7 P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 8 9 COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. THE COURT: We're here today in the case of Andrea 10 Rossi and others versus Thomas Darden, as well as I think this 11 12 relates to a third party defendant, J.M. Products and others, case number 16-civil-21199. 13 Could I have appearances for the Plaintiff first. 14 15 MR. CHAIKEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Brian Chaiken on behalf of Plaintiffs. 16 17 THE COURT: Thanks. And for Thomas Darden and the Defendants? 18 MR. PACE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Chris Pace, 19 Chris Lomax and Erika Handelson on behalf of Defendants. 2.0 21 THE COURT: Thanks. And for the Third Party Defendants? 22 23 MR. LEON: Francisco Leon on behalf of J.M. Products, 24 Henry Johnson and James Bass. 25 MR. NUNEZ: And Your Honor, Rudy Nunez on behalf of

1 Fulvio Fabiani and United States Quantum Leap, LLC. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Good. All right. I think this was 3 filed by the Defendants, right? 4 MR. PACE: It was, Your Honor. THE COURT: You can be seated unless you're addressing 5 the court. 6 7 What's the issue? MR. PACE: If I can, Your Honor, let me -- if I can 8 9 just set an agenda because there are four issues and I just want to make sure -- I think we can cover all of them very easily in 10 a half an hour. 11 12 THE COURT: Good. 13 MR. PACE: One is the end date of discovery. At what 14 point do they no longer have to continue to produce documents. 15 One is the start date, so two dates, you know, sandwiching. There's one scope issue as to J.M. Products, Johnson and Bass, 16 and then there's a document production timing issue as to Third 17 18 Party Defendants Fabiani and USQL. So if I can just kind of take them in that order and if 19 Your Honor wants everybody else to chime in, they certainly can. 2.0 21 THE COURT: okay. MR. PACE: There's a common objection as to end date. 2.2 23 All the Third Party Defendants want to stop producing documents after February of 2016 because that is when the testing, the --24 25 what they've alleged -- what the Plaintiffs have alleged is the

1 guaranteed performance testing finished was in February of 2016. 2 THE COURT: Tell me who are these Third Party 3 Defendants? How are they related to this thing? 4 MR. PACE: The alleged customer to which power was being provided is J.M. Products. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. PACE: Henry Johnson is the president of that 8 company. 9 THE COURT: Right. MR. PACE: James Bass is the alleged director of 10 11 engineering of the company. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 MR. PACE: Fabio -- Fulvio Fabiani was working with 14 Mr. Rossi, was like his assistant or his person handling the electrical parts and his company is US Quantum Leap. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. PACE: Now --18 THE COURT: So what kind of records are you getting from them? 19 20 MR. PACE: We haven't gotten anything yet from Fabiani 21 and USQL and that's an issue for today. From Johnson, Bass and J.M. Products, or at least Johnson and Bass, we've gotten some 22 documents. In fact, one of the things, you know --23 THE COURT: I guess what I really mean is what kind of 24 25 records are you trying to get from them?

MR. PACE: Well, we're trying to get -- if I can explain the problems with these date limitations.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. PACE: Our position is that the company, J.M. Products was essentially -- was a scam. It was a sham company that wasn't really operating. We were fooled into -- they said "hey, we've got this customer in Florida, let us bring our plant from North Carolina down to Florida so we can provide services for this real customer". Turns out there is no real customer. And again, from their actual document production, I can hand you a few e-mails that show that this is in fact the case. that -so that scam didn't end on February 2016. They continued it afterwards. In fact, Mr. Johnson sent a letter to me or -- I'm sorry, to Industrial Heat saying -- in April of 2016 saying "hey, we want this plant to be re-started", and we called their bluff on it and said "okay, we'll re-start the plant", and then they came back and said "oh no, you know, there's -- you know, Rossi and Leonardo are saying there's a dispute between the parties so we can't really go forward with opening the plant."

so the scam, the sham, did not end in February of 2016.

And our view is we should be able to get the documents up to present, to the extent they're otherwise responsive. I mean, obviously we're asking for responsive topics.

THE COURT: So this relates to J.M. or to both folks?

MR. PACE: It relates to all the Third Party Defendants

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      because I believe they've all taken a uniform position on that.
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               THE COURT:
                           Explain to me about J.M. and Henry Johnson,
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      but not about and Fabio Penon. Is he part of J.M.?
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               MR. PACE: No, he's not. So if I can, that would
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      certainly cover J.M. Products, Bass and Johnson.
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               As to Fabiani and US Quantum Leap, the same applies,
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      there was -- in fact, there was a meeting that Fabiani had with
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               THE COURT: Just so I understand the alignment here.
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               MR. PACE: I'm sorry.
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               THE COURT: Fabio Penon, who is he associated with,
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      anybody?
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               MR. PACE: He's not supposed to be associated with
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      anyone, but --
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               THE COURT: Well, who is representing Fabio Penon?
               MR. PACE: No one. He's not been served in the case.
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      He's in Italy.
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               THE COURT: Oh, so I don't need to worry about him.
               MR. PACE: Yeah, you don't need to worry.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Well, forget about him. We don't
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      need to talk about stuff I don't need.
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               MR. PACE: Yeah.
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               THE COURT: So then we have United States Quantum Leap
      and Fabiani, right?
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               MR. PACE: Correct.
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THE COURT: They're together.

MR. PACE: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. So tell me why you need records for them through today.

MR. PACE: So they -- for example, Fabiani met with Joe Murray in March of 2016 to talk about after the February -- the conclusion of the testing in February or the alleged testing in February, Industrial Heat tried to have contact with Fabiani to try to say what's going on here, what data do you have, what information, because we've got an agreement with you and you have to provide us all this information. And he stonewalled them for a number of months. He apparently now lives in Russia, which is a new development we just found out about, but he was properly served in this case so we don't have to deal with that issue right now. But our view is, again, it doesn't stop in February. He continued to have e-mail communications and in our view, continued to perpetuate the sham all the way until, you know, the lawsuit was filed and then the communications ceased.

THE COURT: When was the lawsuit filed?

MR. PACE: Well, when our claims were filed against him was July or September of 2016. I can get the exact date if that's, you know, significant to the court.

THE COURT: That was when he brought the third party lawsuits?

MR. PACE: Correct.

THE COURT: Is that when you want the records to?

MR. PACE: Yeah. I mean, if there are records that go up through present, I think we would still be entitled to them. If they're still having communications about J.M. Products for example.

I mean, again, the examples I can give you, Your Honor, are J.M. Products had some -- a tax preparer did some work for J.M. Products, they get an invoice. Rossi sends something back, an invoice for a \$1,050. Rossi says "send me an invoice for a \$1,050 for nickel powder", and it's to pay the money that he has -- that J.M. Products has to pay on these invoices is just a sham. There's other e-mails where he says, Rossi says, "I've always paid whatever comes due for J.M. Products".

So, you know, there is no -- you know, we were pitched that this was an independent company. There was somehow a separate company. In fact, the documents we received thus far show that it is in fact simply operated by Andrea Rossi, and there's also e-mails where he controls the bank account, you know, including minor overdraws. He says "tell me, you know, why is there a \$300 or 337 overdraw". So we think we're entitled to all of those communications.

THE COURT: Okay. So what does J.M. Products say?

MR. LEON: Well Your Honor, the allegations in the complaint and the allegations in the counterclaims all end as of February, the date that the test ended which was the middle of

February of 2016. The allegations in their counterclaims even, all the acts or inactions or omissions that they're claiming were allegedly deceptive or allegedly -- alleged misrepresentations all occurred well before March 1st of 2016.

For example, one of their main claims against J.M. Products, Henry Johnson, is the fraud in the inducement claim. They don't need any communications after even 2016 to be able to prove whether or not representation was correct or incorrect and whether or not they relied on that representation to enter into the agreement. So if you take that count aside, what's left is that was for entering into the term sheet and then also allegedly moving the plant to Florida. That's one part of the scheme they're alleging.

The second part of the scheme they're alleging is the manipulation of data. And in their own allegations, they don't allege that any of the Third Party Defendants, J.M. Products, Henry Johnson or James Bass, manipulated any of the data.

Instead, all they say you guys made misrepresentations that induced us to bring the plant to Florida and you guys didn't, on multiple occasions, call it two or three occasions, didn't allow Industrial Heat access to the E-Cat plant, which J.M. Products did not have access to per the term sheet.

So our position is that anything that occurs after February of 2016 is not only irrelevant to the allegations in the pleadings, but is also not necessary. In essence, they're

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going on a fishing expedition to try to get information or communications or documents that don't pertain to the lawsuit, that aren't necessary for the lawsuit. It's overburdensome.

THE COURT: How many records do you guys have? They say sounds like it's really not a real company. You say it's overburdensome. Why is it overburdensome?

MR. LEON: Henry Johnson is the attorney, has been, and they've known this, has been and still is the attorney for Rossi and Leonardo Corporation on various matters. James Bass still has communications with Rossi because he now works with Rossi and Leonardo Corporation on things unrelated to the lawsuit. At a certain point in time, once the Third Party Defendants were going to be brought in or it was felt that they were going to be brought in, there was a joint defense agreement. There's that Rossi and Leonardo Corporation, they continued to develop new technologies, there's an issue there because the parties still maintain communications. It's no secret that they still communicate just on things that don't relate to the So it becomes a fishing expedition for them to get lawsuit. potentially privileged information, potentially confidential information when it's just not necessary.

THE COURT: Okay. What about the other folks?

MR. NUNEZ: Yes, Your Honor, Rudy Nunez.

As Your Honor is well aware, the scope of discovery and relevance of discovery depends on the claims, the defenses and

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the proportionality. In this case, as you heard from Mr. Pace,

is the big player, right? As we've taken one deposition,

basically my client's counterpart for Industrial Heat, for the

my client, Fulvio Fabiani, was the assistant for Mr. Rossi who

Defendant, basically characterized himself as a worker elf. And

I asked him "well, what about Mr. Fabiani? What was he doing?

No, he's a worker elf too. He was doing whatever Mr. Rossi told

him." So in the big scheme of things, proportionality, my

client is a small player here. My client is not in dispute on

the \$100 million controversy between the Plaintiff and the

Defendant. My client was paid \$10,000 a month by Industrial

Heat to help Mr. Rossi. His contract -- well, let me back up.

Now, let's look at the claims in the case. We got one claim is a breach of contract. Well, that contract started September of 2013. That contract terminated when Mr. Fabiani stopped working at the Doral facility at the end of February 2016. My client then leaves the country, he is now working in Russia doing some consulting work, he's a computer engineer doing some consulting. The burdensomeness is my client's, you know, he's hard working, you know, 60, 70-hours-a-week-guy working on several projects, and it's hard for him and it's burdensome for him to be doing all the discovery in this broad array of discovery that has been asked.

Mr. Pace's original discovery, which we objected to, we're here on the objections, their time frame, they wanted to

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start January of 2011. Just to give Your Honor an idea of why we're objecting. They wanted to start this discovery time frame January of 2011. Mr. Darden, the main principle of Industrial Heat, he doesn't even meet Mr. Rossi until 2012. My client is not involved with the Defendants until September of 2013. our position is while we objected and maintained that the documents should only be produced for the time at Doral, the time that the facility was in Doral, and the main issues are involved in the work in Doral, I can concede, and I tried to concede, we conferred and tried to work things out, I can concede okay, September 1, 2013, you entered into a contract with my client, okay, you get communications, documents, et cetera from that time. Then February 2016, my client stops working on this, he goes away, he's off this project. Okay. So we think it should end there.

THE COURT: I mean, why are we arguing -- if he's off the project and he doesn't have anything, then we don't have to worry about anything after February 2016 because he went to Russia and he's doing something else.

MR. NUNEZ: Well, he's off the project, he's off the project, he's doing something else, but he hasn't stopped working with Mr. Rossi. And they continued some relationship with regard to E-Cat, E-Cat development, it's my understanding, and to the extent that those documents and any work that he's done for Rossi after February 2016 are not relevant to this

case.

Again, if we look at the claims for the breach of contract, their claims on breach for my client are that my client did not give them -- and you heard this from Mr. Pace, did not give them data and information for the time period that the plant was working in Doral. Again, ending February 2016. That is their primary basis for the breach of contract.

with regard to the other claim that my client's involved in is the FDUTPA claim. So that claim is the inducement to move the plant from North Carolina to Doral. That happens in 2014. Okay. A year or a year and a half after my client's been working for Industrial Heat. So the allegations are moving the plant to Florida, this is the scheme, right, the getting them to move the plant to Florida; manipulating the data, failing to provide data which is also part of the breach of contract, and finally, demanding payment. And that's Rossi demanding payment. I guess -- my client also he feels that he's owed one more month of payment, but those are their claims for FDUTPA.

So now they wanted this huge expanded discovery time frame that's frankly not relevant to their claims and to the proportionality of my client.

THE COURT: Are you talking about from February 2016 to when -- when did you file your third party claim? Have you figured that out yet?

MR. PACE: I think we actually originally filed it in July, beginning of August, and we've amended it a couple of times. I'm actually looking at the amended version. I'm sorry about that.

THE COURT: So they're talking, at most, ten months through now, you know. At the least it would be until when they filed the lawsuit which would be July, which would be five months. So we're not talking about -- you know, he's talking about going an extra six years.

MR. PACE: If we can limit it, let's say --

THE COURT: Let me tell you something. You got a fraud claim, you've got to prove some kind of, you know, fraud.

You've got to prove the guy's state of mind. Sometimes state of mind is determined by -- later on when you're sending an e-mail that says "hey, you know, we did something bad to these people" or you know: Let's hide this or let's hide that". And even though it's occurring after the action, it still shows a state of mind at the time that the actions were occurring. I mean, I would think on a contract claim, I don't know how -- a contract claim is a contract claim. But on the fraud allegations, it seems like it is would be fair to go --

MR. NUNEZ: Well, and to that point -- and again, with regard to my client alone, he's not involved and he's not named in the fraud claim. He's only in the FDUTPA claim.

THE COURT: Well, FDUTPA usually involves fraud,

1 doesn't it? 2 MR. NUNEZ: But not in this case. I think they've 3 argued strenuously that it's not based on fraud and they don't 4 have the heightened pleading requirements. MR. PACE: Deceptive and unfair practices, Judge. Your 5 6 Honor, you have it right. Their issue of whether 9B applies, 7 the judge has already ruled on. THE COURT: Under FDUTPA, you have to --8 9 MR. PACE: Whether you have to or not, you know, our complaint complies and whether 9B applies or not -- but that's 10 not the issue. The issue is the scheme that's pled, which I 11 12 think is what you're referring to is we actually don't plead a 13 fraud claim, we have a fraudulent inducement. But that's 14 different. But the FDUTPA claim is unfair and deceptive practices and it covers the entire time period. 15 THE COURT: The entire time period of what? 16 MR. PACE: Well, it covers up to present. I mean, 17 until the scheme -- I mean, the scheme has never fully been 18 19 revealed or resolved. 20 THE COURT: But, I mean, where does it say that in your 21 pleading? MR. PACE: I think we say "up to present", and I quess 22 that's when the complaint was filed. But, you know, our 23 24 position is that --25 THE COURT: They say you said until February 2016.

MR. PACE: But that's the point, Your Honor. I mean, the scheme doesn't end -- again, if I can --

THE COURT: Well, let's just clear this up first. Did you say until the complaint -- until your third party complaint was filed or did you say until February 2016?

MR. PACE: We never said until February 2016. And if I can explain.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PACE: For example, and I have a document here to show you which is the correspondence they sent in April of 2016 when they say you have to re-open this plant and that was a bluff by J.M. Products. We need the power, and then when we called their bluff, they said oh no, I guess we don't really need you to re-open the plant.

THE COURT: I know. You already described that, but generally discovery is limited to the claims that you brought. Now, that's not saying that sometimes discovery isn't appropriate for past the claims to prove the claim. But if your claim says until February 2016, that's different than if your claim says to the date of the filing of the complaint or until the date of the filing of the complaint and continuing, you know, continuing on. I don't know what your complaint says.

MR. NUNEZ: Your Honor, if I may, if we look at their complaint, and I only have one copy, I'm sorry, at Paragraph 142, the first part of the scheme was to manipulate the

Defendants in allowing the plant to be moved from North Carolina to Florida. And there's more in the photograph. I'm just summarizing.

Paragraph 143, the second part of the scheme was to manipulate the operation of the plant and the measurements of the plants operations. All of that concluded February of 2016.

THE COURT: He says he has an e-mail that says in April 2016 you said let's start the plant back up.

MR. NUNEZ: Well, that's not my clients. Again, Your Honor, my client is just the FDUTPA. My client is not involved with J.M. Products. I'm just Fabiani and USQL, and I'm trying -- because I think there should be a differentiation here between my client, Rossi, J.M. Products, they're alleged to have done different things.

And then in Paragraph 144 of the complaint, says the final part of the scheme was to demand the money. Rossi demanded the money. Okay. And that happened shortly after February 2016.

If anything, the limit should potentially be -- that's straight from their complaint, the final part of the scheme is demand, I think it's 80 million, \$89 million. It's a demand, yeah, \$89 million, it's the demand of the \$89 million. I think that's probably early March or sometime in March. And that's --

THE COURT: Excuse me. What's the docket entry for the

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MR. NUNEZ: This was docket entry -- I'm sorry, Your

Honor, 78. And their FDUTPA claim starts on Paragraph 140. And

I read to Your Honor from Paragraph 142, 43 and 44.

MR. LEON: If I may, Your Honor, as I stated before, their allegations as to James Bass, Henry Johnson and J.M. Products don't go beyond February of 2016 because the actions or inactions that they allege were deceptive or unfair all occurred prior to that date. They don't get an extension just because communications were had after the fact.

THE COURT: Well see, they do because if they're able to show that you're communicating about the fraud that you participated in before the fact. What he gets is he gets information regarding his claim. So if tomorrow your client types out an e-mail and says "boy, I really ripped off Andrea Rossi and Leonardo Corporation" and sends it to his best friend in California, he gets that because that relates to the underlying claim. Even though it was sent today, it still shows the state of mind of what he was doing in 2015.

MR. LEON: Correct, and I can agree with that. But if we limit the discovery they're entitled to, any and all communications or any and all documents. If what they want is an admission or something of that nature, we can stipulate that if there's something in the documents after the fact that is an admission like Your Honor just stated, we will produce it. But

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they don't get to go on a fishing expedition and see any and all communications and any and all documents when it's not relevant to the case.

MR. PACE: Your Honor, two things. One is just in the sense of we were ordered to produce all of our communications with all the other parties. That was the court's prior order in connection with discovery served upon us. We think it's appropriate and up to present and what we had done. We think it's appropriate as to the other parties as well.

But the second thing is to say part of the issue here is they're not supposed -- we were told that they were going to be separate, that they were independent, that they were somehow, you know, distinct. So any of their communications, whenever they're communicating about things like Leonardo paying or Rossi making sure that the \$150 is available in a checking account for J.M. Products so it can pay some expense, that proves our claim. So we're entitled, I think, to that information.

I also want to add, Paragraph 88 of our counterclaims and third party claims, we specifically talk about the fact that Fabiani says at the end of February that he was going to provide us certain information, but in later e-mails, you know, we've attached them as Exhibit 21, later e-mails he committed to providing us certain raw data to us and never provided any of it. So we clearly are not limiting ourselves to February 2016.

And again, as Your Honor has said, it's not an extended

MR. PACE: Your Honor, we'll include that in the order.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. PACE: I apologize. It's either the end of July or beginning of August.

THE COURT: I can have the clerk find it if you want, but you know what day I'm talking about.

MR. PACE: I absolutely do, Your Honor, and we will --

Okay. 1 THE COURT: MR. PACE: I don't think that's something we can fudge. 2 3 THE COURT: Okay. All right. I find that it's relevant to prove -- first of all, some of these e-mails in the 4 complaint and the claim, especially as to Fabiani who says he's 5 6 not involved in a fraud but only the FDUTPA claim, goes up 7 through May and I think it's fair to provide communications and documents relating to communications up through the time of the 8 filing of the counterclaim and that it's likely to lead to 9 10 admissible evidence. What's the next issue? 11 12 MR. NUNEZ: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Just for 13 clarification, so we dealt with the end date. 14 THE COURT: Yeah. 15 MR. NUNEZ: With regard to Fabiani, what about the beginning date? Our position is that it should be from the date 16 of the contract of September 1, 2013. That was his first 17 involvement with Industrial Heat. 18 19 THE COURT: By the way, your first answer in third 20 party claim was August 5, 2016. 21 MR. PACE: August 5th. THE COURT: You then amended it the 11th and then, I 22 23 guess, amended it again. 24 The start date? When do you want to start? MR. NUNEZ: The contract date which was September 1, 25

2013. 1 THE COURT: That's the date the actual contract was 2 3 entered into? 4 MR. NUNEZ: That's the date of the contract, Your 5 Honor, yes. 6 THE COURT: I mean, before you have a contract, don't 7 you have conversations and communications and stuff? So why 8 would you start that date? 9 MR. NUNEZ: That's a good point, Your Honor. I mean, no doubt. My thing then would be -- and I agree with Your 10 11 Honor, but it can't be what they want of January 2011. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 If there's a contract, I think the license MR. NUNEZ: agreement is October 2012? And that's a license agreement 14 15 between Rossi and them. But my client, if he starts working for Industrial Heat September 1st, I mean, what's a reasonable time 16 17 that they started? 18 THE COURT: Well, when did he start working for Rossi? 19 MR. NUNEZ: He's been working with Mr. Rossi, to my 20 understanding, for years. For years and years. 21 long-term relationship which they knew about at the inception. It wasn't something that wasn't disclosed or that they didn't 22 know about. 23 THE COURT: Got it. Got it. 24 25 MR. PACE: Prior to 2011, we only went back 2011.

1 You'll admit that he was working with Mr. Rossi prior to 2011. MR. NUNEZ: I can't say -- I can't admit to a specific 2 3 I don't think it should be --4 MR. PACE: I don't think he was. THE COURT: I understand. Why do you think 2011 is a 5 6 fair date? 7 MR. PACE: Because he's got information, the testing began, the development of this E-Cat product started actually 8 9 even prior to 2011, but we started with January of 2011 to have a clear number, a clear date. It actually started somewhere in 10 11 2010, but it's a little vague as to when. Mr. Fabiani was involved with Mr. Rossi in that testing. We were not. I mean, 12 now it was -- some of the stuff that was told to us in 13 14 connection with entering into the license agreement in October 15 of 2012 from a burdensomeness perspective we don't think that there's a substantial burden that's going to be associated with 16 it. And again, he's kind of uniquely in a position, other than 17 18 Mr. Rossi, to be able to provide that information. I don't know

how much stuff he has from back then. If for some reason there
was -- and there's been discussions, and I understand, but

unless there's a massive amount of information, I think that the

2011 date is a relevant date.

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THE COURT: Okay. What do you say, Mr. Nunez?

MR. NUNEZ: Well Your Honor, my argument is not so much of burdensomeness, it's again as to relevance. Their complaint

-- and again, my client is not named as breach of the license agreement all those claims, but my understanding and my reading of the complaint they're not -- their dispute is not that the E-Cat doesn't work. Their dispute is the fraud and the FDUTPA claims with regard to, again, moving the plant from North Carolina to Florida. Their claims are not "hey, this doesn't work so we should be able to look at all -- you know, every test, every data that they have with regard to this E-Cat to see if it does indeed work", which is what I understand that they're looking for. That's just not relevant to their claims. Their claims are very specific about moving the plant from North Carolina to Florida, manipulation of the data in Florida and the demand for money.

So going back to "hey, does this thing work", that's their due diligence that they needed to do in October of 2012 when they enter into the license agreement. That has to do -- they did testing in North Carolina, this is a long-term project. And I think my issue, Judge, is with the relevance and not agreeing to this fishing expedition of "give me everything".

THE COURT: Okay. What's the relevance?

MR. PACE: Two things. Well, one is they just identified. But any of the testing, because we do dispute the operation of the E-Cat. What he's focusing on -- one issue that arises here is we're entitled to get discovery, we think, as to claims that are in the complaint against us, as well as in our

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answer and counterclaims against the Plaintiffs as well as the Third Party Defendants. He keeps focusing on just "here's what I think the allegations are against my client". Our discovery is not limited to that. There is clearly a dispute here, does this E-Cat technology work. I don't think anyone can deny that's a dispute in the lawsuit. And I don't think Mr. Nunez is going to deny that is a dispute in the lawsuit. So this discovery goes to that.

It does also go to the -- you know, again, whatever information he had about the E-Cat and the E-Cat technology goes to that issue as well as to the relationship between he and Mr. Rossi in terms of their communications or dealings with Industrial Heat. But again, to me, the easiest way of resolving is just to understand that we're entitled to discovery from him, not just as to allegations.

THE COURT: Yeah, I understand not just on the allegations of the counterclaim, but also the allegations of the complaint and your defenses of whatever. So he says he's going to -- that it is an issue of whether E-Cat works, and even though your guy is not charged with that part of it, that it is relevant to the other lawsuit.

MR. NUNEZ: Your Honor, I would tell you from my reading of it, I do dispute that. I don't think that this complaint is about that. My reading of the complaint, it's not about the claims between Rossi and Industrial Heat, it's not

1	MR. LEON: Exactly, Your Honor. The testing that
2	occurred in Doral was flawed.
3	THE COURT: I find that it's relevant. You go back to
4	2011.
5	All right. What's the next issue?
6	MR. PACE: We have a start date issue with Johnson.
7	THE COURT: You said we're going to cover all this
8	stuff in a half an hour, it's already been a half an hour.
9	MR. PACE: I apologize, Your Honor. I thought some of
10	these issues would be a little bit quicker.
11	THE COURT: What's the problem with the start date with
12	Johnson? What do you want?
13	MR. LEON: If I may, Your Honor, in our several meet
14	and confers, we've actually conceded that point and we've
15	actually produced documents that go before the date that we had
16	originally cut off.
17	THE COURT: Okay. So he says you got an agreement.
18	MR. PACE: If there's no date limitation, we're fine.
19	THE COURT: There's no issue there.
20	All right. What's the next issue?
21	MR. PACE: We have not yet gotten any documents
22	produced by Mr. Fabiani or USQL.
23	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Fabiani Mr. Nunez, when
24	is Mr. Fabiani going to produce these documents?
25	MR. NUNEZ: Yes, Your Honor. And we've conferred and

we tried to work this out. Mr. Fabiani has transferred already to me what I believe, and I'm not technology adept let's say, I'm not the tech person and by the time I got it my, you know, computer guy was out of town and I went on vacation. So I've had some timing issues. But I couldn't deal with that, it's not something I could deal with myself.

THE COURT: Yeah, I understand.

What I have right now is the testing data MR. NUNEZ: that they're looking for which is probably responsive to two or three of their requests. I have it, and I basically need to get with a professional to help me get it -- you know, get it to them in a discoverable form.

> THE COURT: Riaht.

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MR. NUNEZ: I don't know -- we talked yesterday, I was looking at it today, I don't know if it's something I can put Bates stamps on. I'm not sure how to get it to them for purposes of this litigation.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. NUNEZ: And I suggested about another week for me to get it to them.

> THE COURT: Okay. How is that? A week good?

MR. NUNEZ: And I would ask a week from -- let's say a week from tomorrow because I reached out to my client and he's on vacation until the 9th, and I probably need his help. let's say --

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haven't gotten those yet from my client. He doesn't get back until Monday, so the raw data, which is the largest part of my production, that I'll have ready by next week. I would ask for one more week to get that, I'll try to get the other stuff a lot quicker which should just be e-mails, tests, reports, things like that.

MR. PACE: But this is the problem, Your Honor. just keeps getting extended. They responded --

THE COURT: When did you first do the request for production?

MR. PACE: November. Oh, when did they respond? Ιn November. We did it in October.

THE COURT: Okay. You got to provide it all by next So tell your client, call him up in Russia and tell him to start running his e-mails. I mean, it shouldn't be that hard for him to discover what e-mails he's got regarding Mr. Rossi or whatever.

MR. PACE: And Your Honor, we will be reasonable in discussions with him.

(Cross talk between counsel)

MR. NUNEZ: Yeah, yeah. I -- and that's part of the It's not just e-mails from Mr. Rossi, it's e-mails from probably 30 -- I don't know about 30, but probably like 15 to 20 different individuals and corporations.

THE COURT: Try to get it to him by the 13th. If you

need a couple more days, then just work it out amongst yourselves.

MR. NUNEZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. What's the next one?

MR. PACE: The last issue, Your Honor, for today is the -- we have a scope issue as it relates to Johnson, J.M. Products and Bass that we just haven't been able to resolve, which is our position has been documents don't need to -- as long as they relate to any of the allegations either in the complaint against us or in our answer and counterclaims or third party claims, we're entitled to them. So it doesn't have to relate directly to the E-Cat.

Part of the issue -- like I said, some of the documents they have produced in all honesty are documents that show that there is a -- you know, that J.M. Products is actually just being run by Rossi, but they haven't been willing -- they've objected by saying they're actually narrowing the scope to things like the term sheet or to the E-Cat or stuff like that. And in our meet and confers, we just haven't been able to resolve the issue.

But our position is, again, if it's responsive to the complaint, we ought to be entitled to it and it shouldn't be something that you say well, this doesn't -- for example, it doesn't talk about the E-Cat. Well, you know what, the e-mail where Rossi is saying I -- you know, tell me what money you need

MR. PACE: Also on the request, we have asked --

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because J.M. Products were supposed to be independent of a variety of parties such as Fabiani, such as Rossi, et cetera, we've asked for all communications with those people because if they're having communications, you know, anything, "let's go out to dinner; hey, our kids ought to be playing together", that contradicts the "wait they were told this is a separate company that was going to be operating independently". So in terms of -- I just want to make sure we're all clear too when we say what's relevant, it is relevant that they're having communications with these parties about other subjects.

Now Johnson, I would say, would be the exception because there's times that items are going to go on a privilege log and we don't have any problem with that because he's also a lawyer. But to the extent that Bass -- and, you know, again, for example, Bass is another example. He was supposed to be the quote, unquote, director of engineering for J.M. Products. Turns out from the discovery we've had thus far his dealings have been with Rossi including asking Rossi -- I've got an e-mail that shows when he asked Rossi "hey, there's a meeting tomorrow, people are coming in, what should I tell them?" Because I don't know -- because he doesn't know what's going on.

So that's my only issue is I think as long as the responses is also viewed appropriately as to any furtherance of the scheme.

THE COURT: Okay. What do you say about that?

MR. LEON: I think -- Your Honor, I think we've been pretty generous with the relevance factor. I think we have produced --

THE COURT: I mean, do you interpret the relevance the way he does? I mean, you're getting the documents from him that says this stuff? So they must be giving it to you.

MR. LEON: The only thing we object to in terms of relevance is something that we disagree on which he just said is whether or not they're meeting for dinner or whether or not, you know -- "hey, how is Papito the fish doing" or "how is your cat doing" things like that. I'm not saying that those communications exist.

THE COURT: Yeah, yeah, yeah.

MR. LEON: But as an example, those communications aren't relevant. To the extent that they show that these guys were related, that they knew each other, Johnson was the attorney for Rossi and Leonardo when they were negotiating the license agreement. They knew that Rossi and Johnson were related. They knew that Johnson was the president of J.M. Products. There's no --

THE COURT: All right. What do you say about that?

MR. PACE: Your Honor, I'm happy -- I can produce a

document where they say that J.M. Products is a subsidiary of a

publicly traded British company and that Henry Johnson signed

and they know that. So Johnson was supposedly kind of

technically in there as the CEO until the real person came in, because this was all going to be done by a company called Johnson Matthey, that it was supposedly a subsidiary of Johnson Matthey. In fact, I have documents. If we want to talk about documents, I brought an example.

THE COURT: No. I mean, I think what he's saying is by showing that -- in other words, it would be true if the allegation was Rossi said he never knew this guy Johnson, you know, and he got him out of a phone book.

MR. LEON: Correct.

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THE COURT: But he's known Johnson for years. So the fact that they went out to dinner together or their kids play together, you know, seems like it's out there.

MR. PACE: Your Honor, I will agree on that. If I can, there's other parties that that's more relevant to and in fact, the way we've done our discovery -- and I apologize. I gave you a bad example. We've done it with things like Penon. Penon was supposed to be an independent validator. If there was any communications with Penon, we should be getting those. a couple of European parties that we've identified. I think when it comes to Rossi and Johnson interactions, for example we've largely focused on J.M. Products and issues related to J.M. Products.

My only thing is just to say -- and again, we don't have to decide this here as much as to make -- we may to the

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extent we don't -- let me start over. We have not been able, in our meet and confer process, to come to a meeting of the minds, I think, on what the scope of the discovery is. I'm happy to -given what has been said today, they will amend their responses and we will deal with them in that context. But again, I think it's --

THE COURT: Okay. It's hard for me to rule on this, but anyway, you're going to amend your thing.

I'm going to tell you what my thought is right now and so it's that if it -- in other words, I agree with you on Johnson because they have an ongoing relationship. But the allegation in the complaint is that they don't know this person, this person is some third person who was brought in for -- you know, to do independent testing or whatever it is, and there's documents that show a relationship between the parties, then I think that that's relevant to the allegations in the complaint. So when you're going through the documents, keep that in mind. If you have an issue with it, you know, and you can get a little more focused on what we're talking about, you can come back.

> MR. PACE: We appreciate that, Your Honor.

MR. LEON: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

Anything else I can help you out with?

MR. PACE: Your Honor, only one other thing. because we've got counsel for Rossi and Leonardo here, we have

1 discovery disputes too. I don't want to raise them today, but if we could maybe try to see if we can find a date, just because 2 3 of the deadlines coming up, I think we need to get it resolved. 4 They have not produced documents to us yet either. I think they've committed to produce them on the 13th if I have the date 5 6 right. But we've got some scope issues as well, and so if we 7 could --8 THE COURT: All right. When are you talking about? 9 Like the 19th or -- I mean the week of the 13th so you can see 10 what you have? 11 MR. PACE: I'm actually inclined to -- I mean, they've 12 been very clear as to what their limitations are that they're 13 imposing and where we have agreement. I think we can do it before the 13th. I'm a little reluctant to wait too long to do 14 15 it. 16 THE COURT: All right. Do you want to do it next --17 how about next Tuesday? Is that good? MR. CHAIKEN: What time, Your Honor? 18 19 MR. PACE: I could do in the morning or in the late 20 afternoon. I have a client CEO coming in who is meeting with 21 the US Attorney's Office the next day, so the middle of the day is kind of a tough one for me. 22 23 THE COURT: What time do you want to do it in the 24 morning?

MR. PACE: I'm sure Your Honor gets in earlier than I

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